



New Comprehensive Zoning By-law Project

Phase 2: Strategic Direction Recommendations

Open House

May 2, 2016





Purpose of Project

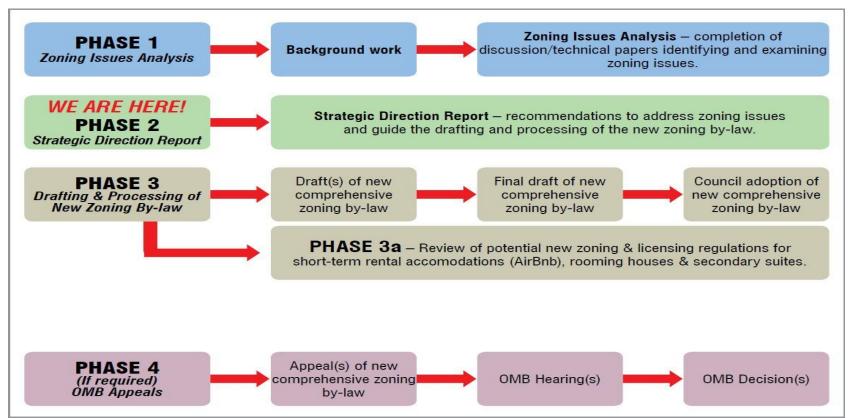
- Implement the new Official Plan
- Review, consolidate, streamline & update zoning by-laws into one (1) comprehensive zoning by-law
- Develop an innovative, user-friendly
 & web-based zoning by-law







New Comprehensive Zoning By-law Project - Phasing







Consulting Team for Phases 1 & 2

(Zoning Issues Analysis & Strategic Direction)





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Guiding Principles

- Implement the Official Plan
- Develop a single comprehensive zoning by-law for Markham
- Recognize existing development and property rights, where appropriate
- Consolidate, streamline and update provisions and standards
- Develop a web-based and publicly accessible by-law
- Provide for ease of enforcement





Task 1: Guiding Principles and Parameters & Trends and Issues in Zoning



- Drafting of the new comprehensive zoning by-law should be based on the guiding principles
- Development permit system by-laws may be considered for particular areas of the City, where intensification is encouraged or neighbourhood character is to be preserved, after the new by-law has been completed and enacted





Task 2: Conformity with Official Plan, City Guidelines, Policies & Plans

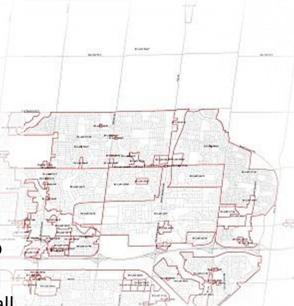






Task 3: City Parent By-laws

- 5. The by-law should be organized according to the "recommended structure for the new zoning by-law"
- 6. An explanatory section should describe how to use the by-law
- Drawings and illustrations should assist users to understand standards and regulations
- 8. Markham's existing 46 parent zoning by-laws to be repealed
- 9. Along public streets the boundary line between zones should be the centre line of streets
- 10. On lots with split zoning, uses and standards should only apply to the zone that relates to each portion of the lot.
- 11. All uses that are not listed as permitted in any particular zone shall be prohibited in that zone.







Task 4a: Site Specific Zoning By-law Amendments



- 12. Existing site specific by-laws should be reviewed to assess their continuing relevance and be re-written to fit the new by-law.
- 13. Site specific by-laws must conform with the applicable policies of the Official Plan
- 14. Legally existing uses, lots, buildings and structures at the time the new by-law is passed should be recognized

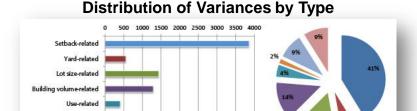




Task 4b: Minor Variances

Recommendations

15. Minor variance approvals by the Committee of Adjustment should be considered when preparing zoning standards



Landscape-related

Parking/loading-related

During period of transition

- 16. All complete building permit applications filed under the old by-laws shall be processed in accordance with the old by-laws
- 17. All complete planning applications filed under the old by-laws can be assessed for building permits under the old by-law within 2 years
- 18. All minor variances and provisional consents approved and acted upon over a 3 year period before the new by-law comes into effect do not have to comply with the new by-law. If provisional consent lapses, a new application is required and must comply with new by-law





Task 5: **Zoning By-law Definitions**

- 19. Definitions in the new by-law should be clear, concise and avoid conflicting interpretations based on:
- ✓ Consistency: Zoning by-law definitions should match those in the Official Plan and related legislation
- ✓ **Simplicity:** Definitions should be as simple as possible.
- ✓ **Universality:** Definitions should apply across the municipality and not to a given site; Definitions that are regulations should be avoided; Only define what is necessary
- ✓ **Referencing:** Terms should be listed alphabetically as they appear in the by-law
- ✓ **Text:** A hyperlink between defined (italicized) terms and the definition should be provided
- 20. The definitions in the new by-law should be based on suggestions in Discussion Paper 5





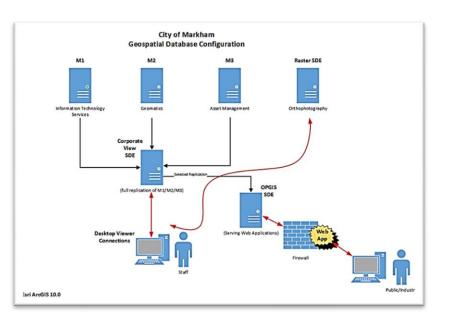








Task 6: Geographic Information Systems



- 21. Maps should show zones, densities and heights with an electronic hyper-link to the text and site specific by-laws
- 22. GIS and text data should be accessible via the web
- 23. Links between maps and text should be established from the outset
- 24. The interactive text portion of the ZBL should include pop-up links to key definitions and illustrations easily accessible to the user
- 25. Document management protocols should ensure timely updates to both the text and maps
- 26. A paper-based legal version of the by-law should be maintained in the Clerk's office





Task 7: Automotive Uses

- 27. Motor vehicle dealership, motor vehicle repair facility (includes major and auto body repairs), motor vehicle service station and motor vehicle washing establishment should be defined
- 28. A motor vehicle dealership or rental facility should not include the outdoor storage of vehicles "as of right"
- 29. A motor vehicle repair facility should be separated a minimum of 20 metres from a Residential or Mixed Use zone







Task 7: Automotive Uses

Recommendations (cont'd)

- 30. A motor vehicle service station should comply with detailed standards regarding minimum lot frontage, area, setbacks, landscaping and landscaping buffers
- 31. Washing or drying operations In a motor vehicle washing establishment should take place in a building and include stacking lanes
- 32. Setback requirements for propane storage will be governed by provincial legislation





Task 8: Drive Through Facilities

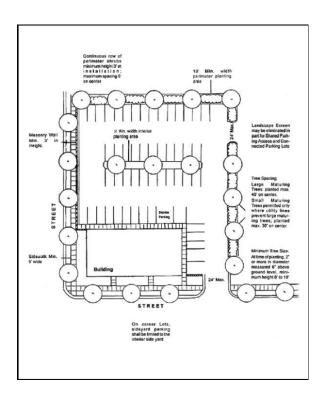


- 33. Drive through facilities should comply with:
 - a separation distance from residential uses
 - minimum lot sizes
 - restrictions on double drive through facilities
 - Requirements for stacking lanes





Task 9: Parking and Loading Standards



- 34. Parking rates should be based on a number of principles, including
 - transit access
 - shared parking for complementary uses
 - maximum parking ratios, where appropriate
 - barrier free parking ratios
 - consolidation of retail parking
 - simplifying place of worship parking
 - parking study to be carried out in Phase 3b





Task 9: Parking and Loading Standards

Recommendations (cont'd)

- 35. The design of parking spaces should be based on size, aisle widths, no obstructions, restricting parking at the rear of residential buildings, corner lot restrictions, shared driveways
- 36. The size of commercial and recreational vehicles on lots with detached dwellings, semi-detached dwellings and townhouses should be restricted
- 37. Bicycle parking spaces requirements should be incorporated into the new by-law
- 38. Loading provisions should be based on existing Markham by-law 177-96 and updated





Task 10: Residential Accessory Structures and Outdoor Amenity Space



- 39. Standards for residential accessory structures should be based on
 - setbacks from lot lines
 - maximum floor areas
 - height limits
 - limit on number of structures per lot
 - a separation distance from the main building
- 40. Amenity space in residential buildings with 20 or more units should be common and provided at a rate of 4 square metres per unit of, of which 2 square metres must be common outdoor space





Task 11: Residential Home Occupations

- 41. A home occupation should be a secondary use and
- conducted by at least one of the residents
- conducted entirely within a dwelling unit or a detached garage;
- occupy less than 40 percent of the gross floor area
- not create noise, vibration, fumes, odour, dust, glare or radiation
- not employ more than one employee,
- not involve outdoor storage
- not involve the sale of goods not produced on the premises,
- no include more than four students at one time
- delivery of merchandise, goods or equipment is typical of residential deliveries
- not include manufacturing, animal grooming and care, auto related uses
- secure a permit from another level of government if required







Task 12: Infill Housing and Separation Distances



- 42. The relevant infill standards approved by Council in the 1990's should be reflected in the by-law
- 43. Zones in the Residential Low Rise designation should reflect existing conditions and zoning standards, including
 - maximum height limits shown on a height map,
 - minimum setbacks,
 - minimum lot frontages,
 - maximum depth of buildings,
 - maximum lot coverage,
 - controls on garage projections and widths





Task 12: Infill Housing and Separation Distances

Recommendations (cont'd)

- 44. A setback of 14 metres from provincial highways should be required
- 45. Apply Provincial Minimum Distance Separation Formulae regarding livestock
- 46. A setback of 7 metres from the Trans Canada Pipeline and 3 metres from the Enbridge Gas pipeline should apply
- 47. A 30 metres setback from a railway line for residential uses, schools and day care centres should apply
- 48. Minimum setback requirements should apply for animal boarding establishments, composting facilities, propane storage, outdoor loading, outdoor storage, outdoor garbage disposal and manufacturing uses from Residential and Mixed Use zones
- 49. At 3 metre interior side yard and rear yard setback and landscaped buffer from Residential or Mixed Use zones should apply in the General Employment zone





Task 13a: Affordable and Shared Housing, and Secondary Suites

Recommendations

50. Residential Care Home,
Residential Care Facility,
Long Term Care Facility,
Retirement Home &
Rooming House should be
defined

Note—Rooming houses, secondary suites and short term rental accommodations will be addressed in Phase 3a (now underway)







Task 13b: Student Housing

Recommendations

51. A student residence should be defined and permitted only on university owned lands.







Task 14: Places of Worship

Recommendations

52. A places of worship zone should be created and apply to places of worship as they exist at the time of the passage of the new zoning by-law; a day care centre should be included as a permitted use.







Task 15: Greenway and Special Policy Areas

- 53. All Greenway and vegetation protection areas should be included in one zone that restricts development to
 - conservation
 - resource management
 - nature-based recreational infrastructure and public infrastructure
 - all existing dwellings and structures on existing lots at the time of passage of the bylaw
 - * lands subject to the Oak Ridges Moraine Conservation Plan and the Greenbelt Plan Area should be shown in the appendix to the by-law
- 54. A map of the Special Policy Area subject to review by the Toronto and Region Conservation Authority should be shown as an overlay to the zoning map





Task 16a: Medical Marihuana Production Facilities



- 55. The term medical marihuana production facility should be defined
- 56. A medical marihuana production facility can only be located
 - in a General Employment Zone
 - no closer than 800 metres from a sensitive use, or a Residential or Mixed Use zone
 - located in a single tenant building





Task 16b: Addiction Recovery Centres

Recommendations

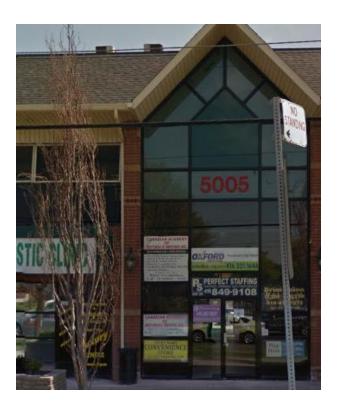
57. It is recommended that addiction recovery facilities be incorporated as accessory uses within medical clinics and hospitals.







Task 17: Adult Entertainment and the Sex Industry



- 58. Adult entertainment establishment and body rub establishment should be defined, but not permitted in any zone; a massage therapy centre and wellness centre should be defined
- 59. If an adult entertainment facility is ever permitted in Markham it should be located no closer than 1000 metres from any Residential or Mixed Use zone (as per Official Plan)
- 60. The two site specific by-laws that currently permit adult entertainment facilities should be repealed





Questions & Comments

